Burlingame Recycled Water and Wastewater Discharge Reduction Project



12/01/25 - City Council Alternatives Presentation









Agenda

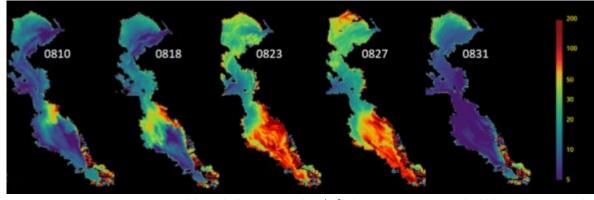
- Project Goals
- Project Status
- Recycled/Purified Water Overview
- Nutrient Removal Overview
- Alternatives Walk-through
- Public Outreach Takeaways
- Q&A



Project Goals



 Reduce drought vulnerability and supplement water supply via water reuse

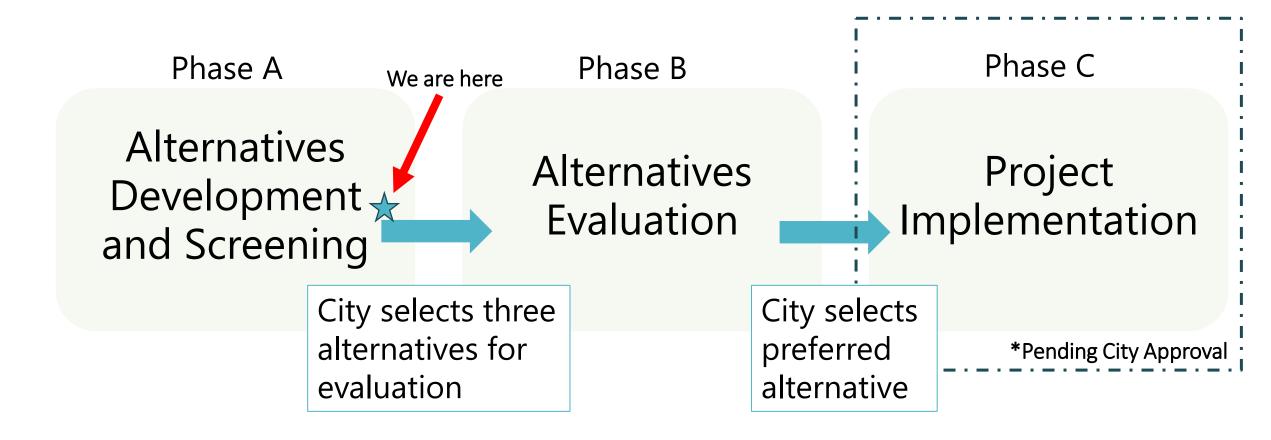


Chlorophyll estimates (mg/M³) during August 2022 algal bloom (SFEI, 2023).

 Improve environment and achieve compliance (RWQCB Order R2-2024-0013) by reducing nutrient discharge to SF Bay by 40%.

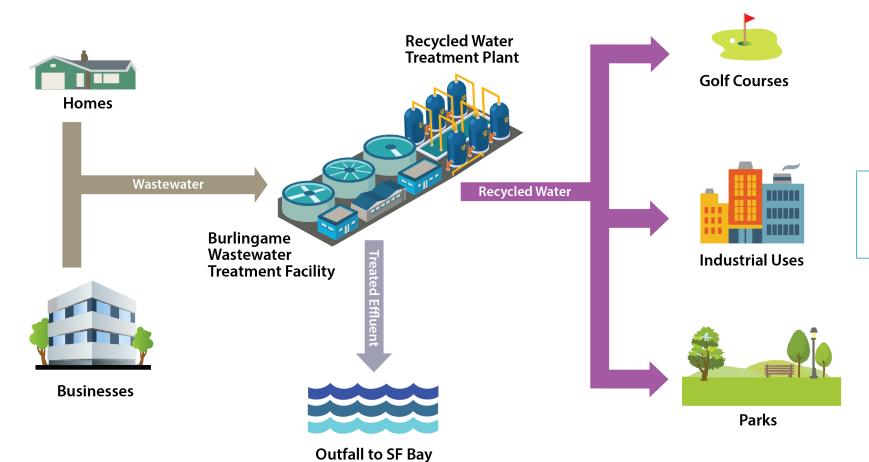


Project Status





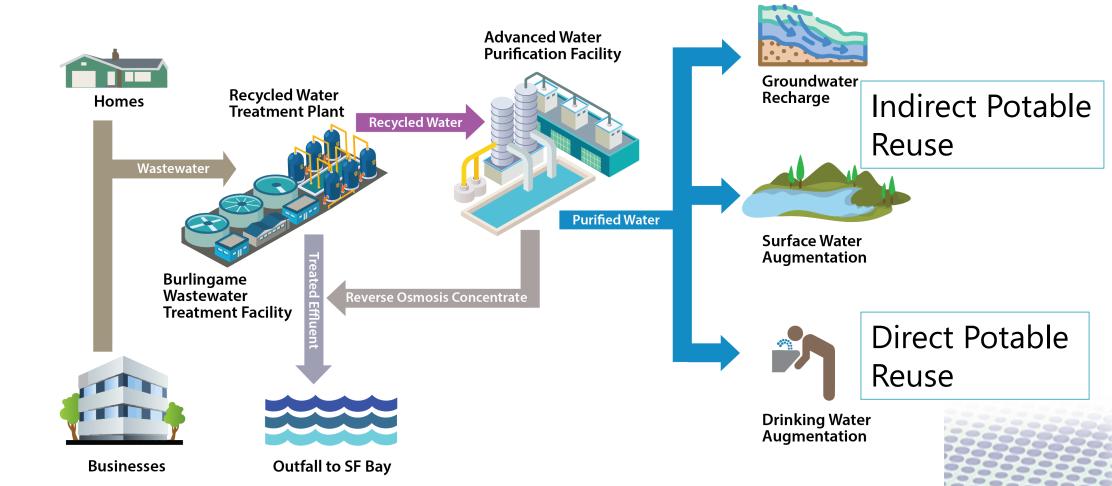
Recycled Water Overview



Non-Potable Reuse



Purified Water Overview



Nutrient Removal Overview

- Wastewater Treatment Process Optimization/Densification
 - —Modify existing treatment processes to increase denitrification
 - —May not be sufficient to meet RWQCB requirements
- Membrane Bioreactor (MBR)
- —Biologically active membranes filter out and break down solids
 - Satisfies filtration requirement for Title 22 Recycled Water
- —More expensive, would meet RWQCB nutrient requirements
- Nutrient Removal Credit Exchange
- —Pay other BACWA members for extra N-removal "credits" beyond RWQCB requirement
- —Details of exchange program (costs, availability, etc.) unknown
- Other treatment options:
 - —Membrane Aerated Bioreactor, Biological Aerated Filter + Denitrification Filters



Alternatives Development

- Outreach meetings with several potential project partners:
 - SFPUC, Millbrae, OneShoreline, San Bruno, San Mateo, BAWSCA, SVCW, Cal Water, Poplar Creek Golf Course
- Nearly 20 potential project scenarios were considered:
 - 10+ Recycled water scenarios
 - 4 Indirect Potable Reuse scenarios
 - 3 Direct Potable Reuse scenarios
- Alternatives ruled out based on feasibility, cost effectiveness, interest of project partners
- Reduced to short-list of 4 alternatives



Alt. 1 Cloth Filtration Purple Pipe RW

- •Treatment: Tertiary cloth filtration/disinfection at Burlingame WWTF
- •Infrastructure: New RW distribution system in East side of City
- •0.56 mgd of seasonal demand + 0.25 mgd demand from Millbrae
- Project Partners: Millbrae (potential)
- Nutrient Strategy: Nutrient diversion via RW, coupled with WWTF optimization/ densification or credit purchase





Alt. 1 Cloth Filtration Purple Pipe RW

Pros	Cons	Meets Water Supply Goal?	Meets Nutrient Removal Goal?
Low costOperationally simple	 Small, seasonal water supply benefit Requires additional WWTF optimization/densification 		With WWTF optimization or credit purchase

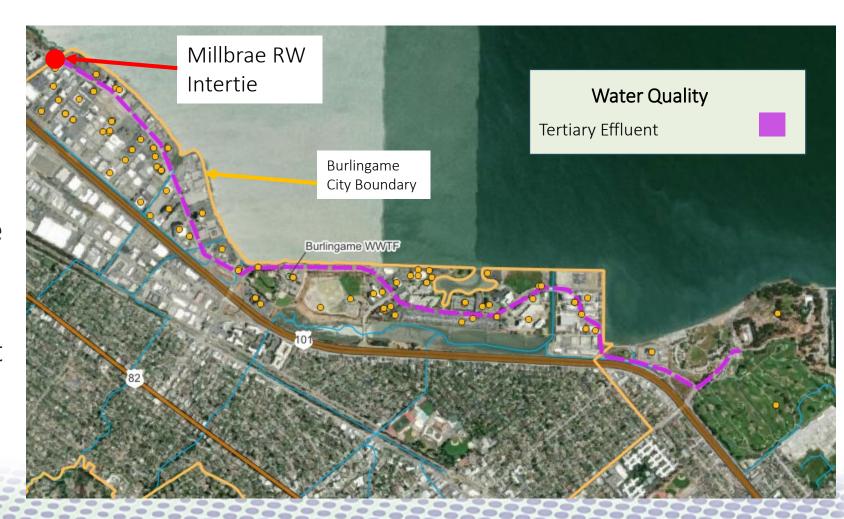
	Infrastructure	Treatment	Total
TOTAL PROJECT COST	\$39M- \$78M	\$37M-\$74M	\$76M-\$152M
TOTAL O&M COST (ANNUAL)	\$ 334,500	\$ 140,000	\$ 474,500

Cost projections are preliminary and intended only for comparison purposes. Cost estimates to be refined as part Feasibility Study process.



Alt. 2 MBR Purple Pipe RW

- •Treatment: MBR/disinfection at Burlingame WWTF
- •Infrastructure: New RW distribution system in East side of City
- 0.56 mgd of seasonal demand +
 0.25 mgd demand from Millbrae
- Project Partners: Millbrae (potentially)
- •Nutrient Strategy: MBR nutrient removal, sized to treat future WWTP dry weather flow of 3.5 mgd





Alt. 2 MBR Purple Pipe RW

Pros	Cons	Meets Water Supply Goal?	Meets Nutrient Removal Goal?
 MBR process fully satisfies RWQCB N-removal requirements Produces high-quality, "RO-ready" effluent 	 Added costs/operational complexity Small, seasonal water supply benefit 	✓	✓

	Infrastructure	Treatment	Total
TOTAL PROJECT COST	\$39M- \$78M	\$211M-\$422M	\$250M-\$500M
TOTAL O&M COST (ANNUAL)	\$ 334,500	\$ 2,050,000	\$ 2,384,500

Cost projections are preliminary and intended only for comparison purposes. Cost estimates to be refined as part Feasibility Study process.



Alts. 3/4 Phase 1: Burlingame WW to San Mateo WWTP

- •Infrastructure: New WW force main to San Mateo WWTP
- Project Capacity: 2 mgd
- •Project Partners: San Mateo
- Nutrient Strategy: MBR treatment at San Mateo WWTP during compliance months (May-Sept)
- Dependent on available treatment capacity, analysis underway





Alt. 3: DPR — PureWater Peninsula Add-on

- •Treatment: Shared DPR treatment at SVCW
- •Infrastructure: New WW force main to San Mateo WWTP
- Project Capacity: 1.5 mgd
- Project Partners: PureWater
 Peninsula Partners
- Nutrient Strategy: MBR treatment at San Mateo

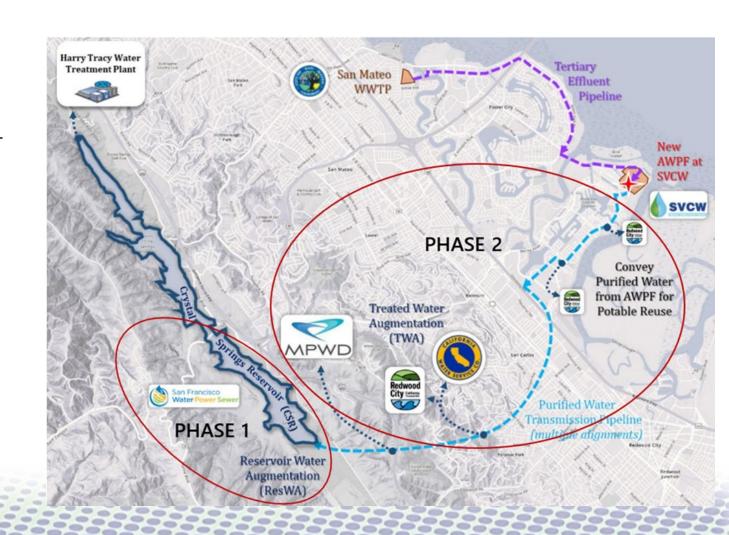




PureWater Peninsula

•Basis of Design Report completed in 2024

Phase 2 planned for 2040





Alt. 3 DPR – PureWater Peninsula Add-on

Pros	Cons	Meets Water Supply Goal?	Meets Nutrient Removal Goal?
 Accomplish nutrient compliance in short term PureWater Peninsula is a mature project with momentum 	 Reliant on several Agencies' timelines to receive water supply benefit Bureaucratic challenges of a project with 7+ partners 		

	Infrastructure	Treatment	Total
TOTAL PROJECT COST	\$49M-\$98M	\$55M-\$110M	\$104M-\$208M
TOTAL O&M COST (ANNUAL)	\$ 431,000	\$ 1,860,000	\$ 2,291,000

Cost projections are preliminary and intended only for comparison purposes. Cost estimates to be refined as part Feasibility Study process.



Alt. 4: DPR – Burlingame + San Mateo

- •Treatment: Shared DPR treatment at San Mateo WWTP
- •Infrastructure: New WW force main to San Mateo WWTP
- Project Capacity: 1.5 mgd
- Project Partners: San Mateo, Cal Water
- Nutrient Strategy: MBR treatment at San Mateo



Alt. 4: DPR – Burlingame + San Mateo

Pros	Cons	Meets Water Supply Goal?	Meets Nutrient Removal Goal?
 More control over implementation timeline Avoids costly conveyance from San Mateo to SVCW SFPUC showed interest 	Larger capital investmentLarger operating expenses		

	Infrastructure	Treatment	Total
TOTAL PROJECT COST	\$49M-\$98M	\$91M-\$182M	\$140M-\$280M
TOTAL O&M COST (ANNUAL)	\$ 431,000	\$ 5,640,000	\$ 6,071,000

Cost projections are preliminary and intended only for comparison purposes. Cost estimates to be refined as part Feasibility Study process.





Summary – Viable Alternatives

Alt.	Description	Treatment Capacity (mgd)	Capital Cost Range (\$M)	O&M Cost (\$/yr)
1	Cloth Filtration Purple Pipe RW	1 mgd RW + 3.5 mgd Densification	\$76M-\$152M	\$ 474,500
2	MBR Purple Pipe RW	1 mgd RW + 3.5 mgd MBR upgrade	\$250M-\$500M*	\$ 2,384,500
3	DPR – PureWater Peninsula Add-on	1.5 mgd DPR	\$104M-\$208M	\$ 2,291,000
4	DPR – Burlingame + San Mateo	1.5 mgd DPR	\$140M-\$280M	\$ 6,071,000

Cost projections are preliminary and intended only for comparison purposes.

Cost estimates to be refined as part Feasibility Study process.



^{*}Cost based on MBR system sized for projected future seasonal effluent of 3.5 mgd. Sizing assumptions and associated costs to be further refined as part of Feasibility Study.

Public Outreach Takeaways

- Gather input from key stakeholders to understand their unique views on the areas explored, and inform the outreach approach that could most productively accompany each project alternative
- Core Areas Explored
 - Water Supply and Wastewater
 - Non-Potable Recycled Water
 - Potable Reuse
 - Public Outreach
- In general, the stakeholders were receptive to the options explored with the
 expectation that an outreach strategy is in place to address concerns raised during
 the discussions.



Next Steps

- Awaiting treatment capacity analysis from San Mateo WWTP
- Monitor BACWA Nutrient Credit trading program developments
- Further refine candidate alternatives
- Select three alternatives to take forward
- Prepare Feasibility Study and develop detailed cost estimates



Q&A

• Thank you!

